

Олимпиада школьников
Покори Воробьевы горы 2014-2015

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

Вариант 9

TASK 1.

Before you listen to the text, look at the key-expressions below. You have 5 minutes to do this.

1) While listening decide if all the key-expressions presented in each box summarize the basic issues mentioned in the text, regardless of the author's evaluation. Put "YES" or "NO" into the first column of the answer sheet.

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| 1. plunge us into total despair, nothing to do with tourist trade, a correct sense of values, taking ourselves too seriously, prevents you from making friends abroad, well equipped with hot and cold running water |
| 2. a sense of humour, not so important, human achievements result from other qualities, is not always appropriate to demonstrate, emphasizes less serious aspects of human life, therefore not so important |
| 3. only one quality which distinguishes us from animals, helps us to maintain a correct sense of values, associated laughter, associated with happiness, tragedy is not really far removed from comedy, are merely comic and absurd |
| 4. circus and zoo, in "Gulliver's Travels", mistake of taking ourselves too seriously, nations may disagree, story about polar bears, relations between these states, comic stereotypes |
| 5. the world-wide popularity of Charlie Chaplin's early films, a great satirist like Swift, have been laughed in the same way, enjoy this supreme luxury, may take various forms |

2) Decide whether the key-expressions from each box above can be used as an argument to support the author's point of view or a counterargument to refute it. Thus, put A (Argument) or C (Counterargument) into the second column of the answer sheet. If a set of expressions from the box cannot be used in total for the purpose put N (No) into the second column of the answer sheet.

№	1) YES/NO	2) A/C/N
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TASK 2.

Choose the correct variant from the options given in brackets. Insert your answer into the answer sheet below. Insert the appropriate letter into the answer sheet below.

Sleep difficulties and 1 _____ (unsufficient/insufficient/nonsufficient) sleep are common among American youth. Prior research 2 _____ (showed/had shown/has shown) that poor sleep can predict alcohol-related problems and illicit drug use among adolescents and young adults in high-risk samples. A new study has found that sleep difficulties and hours of sleep can predict a number of 3 _____ (special/specific/especial) problems, including binge drinking and driving under the influence of alcohol.

"National polls indicate that 27 percent of 4 _____ (school's age/ school-aged/ school age) children and 45 percent of adolescents do not sleep enough," said Maria M. Wong, professor and director of experimental training in the department of psychology at Idaho State University.

"Other studies have shown that about one 5 _____ (in/of/about) 10 adolescents have trouble falling asleep or staying asleep almost every day, or every day, in the previous 12 months."

"Among normal adults, sleep difficulties and insomnia have predicted onset of alcohol use one year later, and 6 _____ (has increased/increased/ have increased) risk of any illicit drug use disorder and nicotine dependence 3.5 years later," said Wong. "Among adult alcoholics who received treatment 7 _____ (of/for/from) alcohol dependence, those with insomnia at baseline were more 8 _____ (like/likely/unlikely) to relapse to alcohol use. The association between poor sleep and substance use 9 _____ (has also been found/has been also found/also has been found) in younger age groups. Overtiredness in childhood has predicted lower 10 _____ (reply/response/respond) inhibition in adolescence, which in turn predicted number of illicit drugs used in young 11 _____ (adulthood/adulthood/adulthood). The purpose of this study 12 _____ (was/had been/is) to examine whether sleep difficulties and hours of sleep prospectively predicted several serious substance-related problems that included binge drinking and driving under the influence of alcohol."

Wong and her co-authors analyzed data collected via interviews and

13 _____ (questionnaires/questionnaires/questionnaires) from 6,504 adolescents (52% girls, 48% boys) participating in the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health. Data 14 _____ (was collected/were collected/had been collected) for three waves -- 1994-1995, 1996, and 2001-2002 -- and study authors used sleep difficulties from a previous wave to predict substance-related problems at a 15 _____ (later/consequent/subsequent) wave, while controlling for substance-related problems at the previous wave.

"Sleep difficulties at the first wave significantly predicted alcohol-related interpersonal problems, binge drinking, 16 _____ (gotten drunk /getting drunk /having gotten drunk), driving under the influence of alcohol, and ever using any illicit drugs and drugs-related problems at the second wave," said Wong. "Substance-related problems 17 _____ (so as/such as/ seem as) binge drinking, driving under the influence of alcohol, and risky sexual behavior are more important than 18 _____ (the others/others/the other) due to their association with reckless driving, automobile accidents, physical injuries and even death".

Wong hopes future research 19 _____ (will address/will be addressing/ will have addressed) how sleep difficulties and deprivation may 20 _____ (effect/affect/infect) brain mechanisms, which in turn influence control of cognitive processes, and behavior. Future studies could examine how neural circuitries mediate the effect of sleep problems on self-regulation and risk behavior."

Task 2	
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TASK 3

Put the following sentences in the correct order to recreate the text.

The Mediterranean on a Budget: The Voyage Begins

- A. The first two will be answered in due time. The third I'll get to right now: there is no such place. I have no idea where I'm going for my second week in Italy, which is why I'll be asking a reader to share my job with me that week. Here's my itinerary.
- B. ON Thursday, I head to Spain to begin what sounds like a fool adventure: high season in the Mediterranean on a budget. For 10 weeks, I'll be just one soul among the crowds of tourists from around the world.
- C. I can sense your questions: "Is he crazy?" "Won't he starve?" "Where the heck is the Costa di Tagliano?"
- D. During my trip, I'll be alternating between well-known hot spots – trying to find a way to make them affordable despite the crowds – and alternative, off-the-tourist-track destinations.
- E. Then it will be on to one of the most popular summer destinations in the world: the French Riviera. From there it's on to Italy, and then moving on to meet my parents in Croatia.
- F. Why would someone with a schedule as flexible and a wallet as light as mine want to fight tons of Italian and British and Norwegian and Chinese and Pennsylvanian vacationers?
- G. As always, I'll be maintaining my anonymity and depending on the kindness and tips of strangers who think they're just helping out an every day voyager. That doesn't mean that if you spot me, you can't say hi. The Mediterranean in summertime may be the easiest place in the world to get lost in the crowds.
- H. I'll start with Spanish Mediterranean coast that I had never heard of before the Spanish boyfriend of a neighbor in Queens recommended it.

- I. I'll hit Athens for a \$100 weekend along the lines of my recent bare-boned budget excursions in New York, Paris and Rio de Janeiro. At the end of the trip, I'll head to one of the most popular high-end Greek Islands.
- J. To prove it can be done, that's why. After all, most travelers can't get out of town for three weeks in May or October: the summer's all they've got. And if they want to check out the Greek Islands or explore the Costa di Tagliano in Italy, I want to show them it can be done – on a budget.

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TASK 4

Read the text carefully and find 10 mistakes in it. Write the correct variants in the answers' column. Then explain the mistakes by choosing an appropriate option from A-H, some options can be used more than once.

Scooby-Doo and Shaggy are inseparable, in their antics and at this list. They're funny on two levels. The first is that, seen through the eyes of a child, they're just silly cowards which somehow always save the day and remain best friends. But watch *Scooby-Doo* as an adult, but you'll wonder if the van driving, spacey talk and continual snacking are lifestyle symptoms of a same folks who inspired *Pineapple Express*. The original 1969 title, *Scooby-Doo, Where Are You?*, was a parody on than popular TV series *Car 54, Where Are You?*

Scooby-Doo was originally broadcast on CBS from 1969 to 1976, when it has moved to ABC. ABC aired the show until canceling it in 1986.

A most recent Scooby-Doo series, *Scooby-Doo! Mystery Incorporated*, aired on Cartoon Network from 2010 to 2013, with a new series, *Be Cool, Scooby-Doo!*

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A	wrong tense
B	wrong conjunction
C	wrong preposition
D	wrong pronoun
E	spelling mistake
F	wrong article
G	wrong infinitive

Writing

An English magazine has a weekly column called “Education in the 21st century”. As part of their new investigation into educational issues, they have asked you to write a report based on your own research of **the numbers of boys and girls who took national exams in secondary education (GCSE) in Foreign Languages, England, 1995-2014.**

1. Compare the numbers of boys and girls who took the exam in 1995 and 2014.
2. Explain the changes in numbers.
3. Name the possible future changes in education in the UK.

Gender	foreign languages 1995	foreign languages 2014
Boys	10,000	38,000
Girls	27,000	57,000

[illegible]

КЛЮЧИ

ВАРИАНТ 9

TASK 1

№	1) YES/NO	2) A/C/N
1	NO	N
2	YES	C
3	YES	A
4	NO	N
5	YES	A

TASK 2

1	insufficient
2	has shown
3	specific
4	school-aged
5	in
6	increased
7	for
8	likely
9	has also been found
10	response
11	adulthood
12	was
13	questionnaires
14	were collected
15	subsequent
16	gotten drunk
17	such as
18	others
19	will address
20	affect

TASK 3

1.	B
2.	F
3.	J
4.	C
5.	A
6.	D
7.	H

8.	E
9.	I
10.	G

TASK 4

1	on	C
2	through	E
3	who	D
4	and	B
5	symptoms	E
6	the	F
7	of	C
8	then	E
9	moved	A
10	the	F